

## MAKE A GRAB THEMSELVES

House Members Would Raise Their Daily Pay

### MAKING IT FOUR DOLLARS

There Was Strenuous Opposition in Debate, But Vote Was Carried by a Big Majority Yesterday Afternoon.

State House, Jan. 20.—The House reached into the depleted treasury yesterday afternoon and made a little personal grab of between \$20,000 and \$25,000, to raise their own pay to \$4 a day, to apply to the present legislature, Mr. Boyce of Waterbury, who with others strenuously opposed the idea of having the increased pay apply to this legislature, called for the yeas and nays, and when Jim Kendall of Stratford said that he hoped every member would vote as he felt away down in his heart, the House laughed and ordered the bill to a third reading, to the motion of 146 to 52.

The bill came into the House in an amendment to House 326, with a favorable report of the committee on state and court expenses. Mr. Barber explained that he thought \$3 a day was not a fair sum, as the expenses of living had increased since the sum was set in 1867. The committee would not feel hurt at any action the House might take on the bill, and in fact it desired to make it an open question. He said that it became manifest at a public hearing the other night that the majority favored the bill to apply to the present legislature, and in view of this sentiment it became apparent that the measure would not pass unless it applied to this session. Personally, he said that he would favor having it take effect at the next session.

The other day when the question was debated in the House, those of favor of raising the salaries took the lead and got a fine start before the opposition began to get in their death blows, but yesterday the opposition took the initiative and those in favor of the raise came in on the home stretch.

Mr. Boyce of Proctor said the newspapers had criticized the members pretty harshly at times, but he thought they could not find terms strong enough if they should vote to raise their own salaries. Mr. Adams of Marlboro said that he was elected from his town and accepted on the supposition that he was to receive \$3 a day, and he would take no more. He was here to make his state better if possible. Mr. Ballou of Chester said that no state in the Union paid a smaller sum than Vermont and but one as low. He favored the bill. Mr. Davis of Springfield said that he had no qualms of conscience at taking more than \$3. They had raised the salaries of the judges and the governor, and they would not object to it.

Mr. Fletcher of Cavendish thought the pay was insufficient, but believed that this was an inopportune time to start in, and predicted that if it were passed it would mean a direct state tax. Mr. Bacon of Hartford suggested a referendum on the question, but there were those who thought their chances were small of getting their pay raised if they left it to the people, and few fell into the idea. Mr. Smith of Weston said a warmer would no more think of paying a man at the completion of his work more than he hired him for than anything in the world, and he believed the legislature should no more consider the idea seriously.

#### The Hunters' License.

The House committee on conference of the hunters' license bill, Messrs. Barber, Thompson and Smith reported that they recommended to the Senate's proposal to make the resident license fee 50 cents instead of 10 cents at the House desired. Mr. Smith of Weston made a vigorous appeal for the boys of the state who were allowed a little time from their duties on the farm to hunt and who would be barred from doing so if the license was 50 cents. He said that it was a healthful pastime for them and took them out of the towns and cities with their atmosphere of cigarettes and soft drinks into the country. Mr. Howe of Bennington favored accepting the report of the conference committee, as did Mr. Ames of Holland, Mr. Brennan of

## The Red, White

And other constituents of your blood are powerfully enriched and vitalized by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

It increases the red corpuscles and makes strong the white corpuscles, and thus protects and restores the health. It cures scrofula, eczema, eruptions, catarrh, rheumatism, anemia, nervousness, that tired feeling, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, general debility and builds up the whole system.

Get in touch with the special health form or a chocolate tablet form called Sarsaparilla.

Fairfield and others, who hated to see the bill killed. Mr. Daniels favored the House's amendment. The report was accepted, which means that the resident license fee will be 50 cents for a license.

#### Conference Committees.

The Senate asked for a conference committee on S. 18, which, according to the House amendment changed the open season on trout. On this committee Speaker Cheney appointed Mr. Walker, Mr. Boyce and Mr. Daniels. The Senate also asked for a committee of conference on S. 35, which allows railroads to pay newspapers in mileage for space used in printing the timetables in the newspapers.

Mr. Watson of St. Albans introduced a resolution, which was adopted on the motion of Mr. Fletcher of Cavendish under suspension of the rules, to pay the St. Albans Messenger Co. \$1,347.10 and the Free Press \$339.62, which were the sums recommended by Printing Commissioner Langley and adopted by the House as the basis of just settlement in payment for the long discussed printing claims.

#### The Public Service Commission.

The Barber public service commission bill passed the Senate yesterday afternoon without a dissenting vote. After the Boyce amendment was passed in the House, which provides that the commission shall not restrain a company from engaging in business in any place and shall not restrain competition, the enemies of the measure, who believed it was drawn up in the interest of certain companies, have stopped opposing the measure.

In the Senate, the only member who spoke against the bill was Senator Bliss, who stated that he believed it was drawn up in the interests of the Bell telephone company and would operate by making certain independent companies who did not so desire to raise their rates to comply with the bigger company. Senator Kilduff took exception to Senator Bliss's remarks as insinuating that the Senate had been bought up, but the latter stated that he wished to convey no such idea.

Senator Corry, who so strenuously opposed the bill in its original form, turned around and made a speech in favor of the bill. He said that he had dreamed of the bill nights and thought of it by day. He said he had called it all sorts of names at first, and when he saw that it was supported by people with water pumped into their stock and he had read certain sections, he thought it was a bad bill, but Mr. Barber, the author, had been willing to amend it in the particulars criticized and he now believed it was all right. He said it was about the only plank left in the platform and he hoped it would be preserved and that it would be well for the legislature to remain and build up the platform again. Senator Gleason said he was opposed to the bill at first, but with the amendment he favored it. Senator Lewis of Orleans made a great speech in favor of the measure, and Senator Gibson said that it was in line with the progressive legislation of two years ago. It had become manifest that some supervising commission was needed to prevent unequal discrimination. Senator Flinn favored the bill. The vote was taken viva voce and not a sound was heard in opposition.

#### Rutland Charter Bill.

The Senate passed the Rutland charter bill, which allows for the election of aldermen at large, early Tuesday afternoon.

#### The Roxbury Fish Hatchery.

The House continued to support bills with appropriations attached thereto on Tuesday afternoon, and among them was H. 584, which means a new lease of life to the fish hatchery at Roxbury. It appropriates \$1,000 for repairs and when the bill was taken it was evident there was little opposition, after it had been shown that if the state did not vote repairs the property would revert to the original owners. Mr. Bacon of Hartford said that it would be impossible for the state to get the fry to stock the depleted streams so readily or at so little expense from any other source. Mr. Brown of Middlesex and Mr. Howe favored the bill, while Mr. Flinn of Brainerd opposed, reading the recommendations of Governor Proctor in his retiring message. It was stated in refutation to his remarks that at the time the governor wrote that message it was thought the other hatchery would be sufficient to meet the state's need, but it had been shown to be insufficient.

#### 500 TALESMEN CALLED.

Carmack Murder Trial to Begin Today.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 20.—Five hundred talemsen have been subpoenaed to appear in the criminal court to-day for the murder trial of Col. Duncan D. Carmack, his son, Robin J. Cooper, and John D. Sharp, jointly held for the murder of former Senator E. W. Carmack. The question of state-wide prohibition entered largely into the case. Carmack was shot as a result of a quarrel growing out of his advocacy of prohibition, and the temperance element in the state has declared him a martyr.

#### MONEY FOR PHILIPPINE CHURCH.

Committee Report Favors Appropriation of \$30,083.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The Senate committee on Philippines yesterday authorized a favorable report on the bill appropriating \$30,083 to be paid to four religious orders of the Roman Catholic church in the Philippine islands in full satisfaction of all claims for use of property of the orders by the military forces of the United States prior to Jan. 24, 1906.

#### PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded, 50c.

## MESSINA SWEEP BY FIRE

Flames Under Control After a Day's Hard Fight

### THREATENS THE SHIPPING

Breaking Out Early, Flames Swept Over Wide District, Gaining Headway All Day Until Soldiers Got Them Under Control.

Rome, Jan. 20.—Late yesterday afternoon the conflagration at Messina, which threatened to sweep over the entire area of the ruined city, was isolated after the greatest efforts by the Italian soldiers and sailors, aided by large detachments from the crews of the foreign warships.

The duke of Genoa had a narrow escape from being buried under a falling wall while assisting in the work.

The flames consumed the bodies of many scores of victims of the earthquake which had not yet been extricated from the ruins.

The flames are still burning, but are under control.

Messina, Jan. 20.—Fire yesterday threatened to complete the work of destruction here.

The flames broke out early yesterday morning among the ruins near the remains of the city hall and the bank of Italy and spread so rapidly that the large force of men who were put at work fighting the fire were unable to check them.

A large section of the quayside walls collapsed during the progress of the fire. The fire fighters worked at terrible disadvantage on account of the lack of water, and the fact that there are no open spaces to check the progress of the flames.

A large amount of valuables is known to have been buried beneath the debris and these are now irretrievably lost, as the ruins contained much inflammable material.

London, Jan. 20.—A dispatch to the Central News from Rome says that the fire at Messina assumed grave proportions before it was finally put under control.

During the afternoon it spread over a large area, sweeping over the ruins in the direction of the water front and devouring all inflammable material in the district between the city hall and the shore.

At the end of the afternoon it threatened the vessels at the docks. The commanders of the foreign warships in the harbor sent large squad, of men from their crews to assist the Italian soldiers in the fight against the flames. A strong wind, which changed frequently in direction, blew across the burning district all day, making the attempt to stop their progress very difficult. The efforts of the fire fighters were therefore without any very apparent result for a long time.

#### RED CROSS FUND \$900,000.

First Installment of the Christian Herald Fund.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The Italian relief fund to the American Red Cross society passed the \$900,000 mark Monday, \$62,000 being the total of the day's contributions. Yesterday the Red Cross received from the Christian Herald \$5,000 for the fund for the widows and orphans in the earthquake districts. This was sent to Baron Mayer des Planches, the Italian ambassador, who transmitted it to Queen Elena of Italy, who will manage the fund. This is the beginning of the fund to which Dr. Louis Klopsch of the Christian Herald has promised to contribute a like sum each week and as much more as may be necessary.

#### BOSTONIANS HONOR POE.

Celebration Is Held at the Authors' Club.

Boston, Jan. 20.—While all the country and Europe yesterday paid homage to the memory of the American author and genius, Edgar Allan Poe, on the occasion of the centenary of his birth, the event was especially observed in Boston, where he is supposed to have been born. Boston has not until recently claimed the honor of being the birthplace of the poet, but from information gained from the pages of municipal records and local newspapers yellow with age, it has been generally accepted that it was here that Poe first saw the light of day.

The exercises here yesterday were held under the auspices of the International Poe association. At the Authors' club yesterday afternoon many well known Bostonians gathered to celebrate the event. Mrs. Julia Ward Howe was expected to preside and among those who were to speak were Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Oudge Robert Grant, Bliss Perry, and the Rev. Samuel M. Crothers.

#### FAMOUS TWINS WED.

One in Chicago and One in New York Both Keeping Secret.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—It is reported that while Miss Marion E. Dean, one of the well-known society twins, was being married to Walter A. Hughes in New York last Saturday, the other, Mrs. Grace Dean Wood, was united in Wedlock to Robert W. Jackson in this city. Neither of the sisters, it is said, knew of the other's marriage.

#### TO MOVE CAPITAL.

Nebraskans Want Governor Nearer State's Centre.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 20.—A resolution was introduced in the state Senate yesterday providing for the removal of the state capital from Lincoln to Kearney, Buffalo county. As stated in the resolution, the purpose is to have the state capital located nearer the centre of the state.

## FUNDING PRESIDENT KIERAN IS MISSING

Under Bail and Fails to Arrive on Train on Which He Was Expected.

New York, Jan. 20.—P. J. Kieran, president of the Fidelity Funding company of this city, who surprised the Pittsburgh authorities Monday by surrendering himself to them and giving bail to the amount of \$4,000 to appear in that city to answer to charges of larceny by Dallee and converting to his own use notes given by a Braddock (Pa.) church, was expected to arrive in New York yesterday morning.

When the train on which Kieran left Pittsburgh reached Jersey City, no passenger answering Kieran's description and conductor said they had not seen Kieran on the train. At the office of Kieran's former counsel no word had been received from him up to 9 a. m., nor had Thomas F. Gilroy, Jr., receiver of the Fidelity Funding company, received any information as to Mr. Kieran's whereabouts.

The Fidelity Funding company went into the hands of the receiver on Oct. 29 last, and Mr. Gilroy has stated that the liabilities were upward of \$3,500,000, with assets of about \$500,000.

#### LIBERIA MAKES APOLOGY.

Her Difficulty With Germany Is Now Settled.

Berlin, Jan. 20.—The government of Liberia has tendered an official apology to Germany for the improper acts of its harbor officials in the recent stopping of two steamers of the Woermann Line off the Liberian coast by the customs gunboat Lark, and the matter is regarded as settled.

#### BACON TO SUCCEED ROOT.

J. Callan O'Laughlin to Be His Assistant.

Washington, Jan. 20.—President Roosevelt will to-day nominate John Callan O'Laughlin of this city, now secretary of the Tokio Exposition Commission, and prominent newspaper and magazine writer, to be assistant secretary of state, succeeding Robert Bacon, who becomes Secretary of State.

#### ALLEN GOING WITH TAFT.

Another Engineer for the Trip to Panama.

Washington, Jan. 20.—President Roosevelt has added the name of Captain Henry H. Allen of Chicago to the list of six engineers already appointed to accompany President-elect Taft to the isthmus of Panama to report upon the present status of the canal work.

#### Long Lead For Gallinger.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 20.—Both branches of the New Hampshire legislature voted at noon yesterday for United States senator. In the Senate, Jacob H. Gallinger of Concord, Rep., had 18 votes, and Oliver E. Branch of Manchester, Democrat, had 4. In the House the vote was: Gallinger, 240; Branch, 104. The vote was on strict party lines and there were a number of absentees.

#### The Difference.

Little Lester Livermore—Papa, what is the difference between a vision and a sight? This book says—Mr. Livermore—The difference between a girl before and after she is married.—Puck.

## FOR AGED PEOPLE

Old Folks Should be Careful in Their Selection of Regulative Medicine.

With advanced age comes inactive bowel movement and sluggish liver. Nature is unable to perform her proper functions and requires assistance. Otherwise, there is constant suffering from constipation and its attendant evils. Old folks should never use physic that is harsh and irritating.

We have a safe, dependable and altogether ideal remedy that is particularly adapted to the requirements of aged people and persons of weak constitutions who suffer from constipation or other bowel disorder. We are so certain that it will cure these complaints and give absolute satisfaction in every particular that we offer them with our personal guarantee that they shall cost the user nothing if they fail to substantiate our claim. This remedy is called

RECALL ORDIES has a soothing, healing, strengthening, tonic and regulative action upon the dry, relax muscular coat of the bowel. They produce a natural, successive contraction and relaxation of the muscular fibres of the bowel walls, generating a wave-like motion which forces their contents onward and onward, thus stimulating nature in perfect bowel movement. They also remove all irritation, dryness, soreness and weakness. They tone up and strengthen the nerves and muscles and restore the bowels and associate organs to more vigorous and healthy activity. They may be taken at any time without inconvenience, do not cause any griping, nausea, flatulence or other disagreeable effect. Try our Recall Ordies on our guarantee. 36 tablets 25c, and 12 tablets 10c. Rickert & Wells, The Red Cross Pharmacy. Miles Granite Block.

## POST CARDS

We have the largest and most complete and varied line of Post Cards in the city.

They range in subjects from local views of the city and state, to scenes of national interest to memento cards and to the better class of comic ones.

Birthday cards and apt special holiday cards on display.

Post Cards are a faithful friend and get-ter and keeper. A little remembrance worth the name.

Prices from two cards for 5c and all in-between figures up to 50c each.

O. J. DODGE, The Jeweler.

200 Main St. With Ideal Book Store.



## If You Were A MILLER

Would you bother to wash the wheat and scour it? That's what WASHBURN-CROSBY CO. do in milling GOLD MEDAL FLOUR. It's pure and cleanly.

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S  
**GOLD MEDAL FLOUR**  
THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY

## LIBEL CASE A MYSTERY

Investigation In New York and Washington

### LAWYERS TRY TO THWART

The Government—Seek to Make It Show Its Hand—A Very Interesting Legal Battle Is On.

Washington, Jan. 20.—When the federal grand jury which is investigating the alleged libel case against the New York World and the Indianapolis News met yesterday, Charles P. Taft, brother of President-elect Taft was ready to appear as a witness in answer to a subpoena served on him in August.

Others summoned are a former Washington correspondent of the World, and a new one connected with that paper's Washington bureau, Jeremiah A. Matthews, now of the New York Sun bureau in this city, but formerly Washington correspondent of the Indianapolis News, was the only witness to appear yesterday before the grand jury.

Douglas Robinson, brother-in-law of President Roosevelt, is here, presumably in answer to a summons to appear before the grand jury. Delagran Smith, publisher of the Indianapolis News, was in the city yesterday, but went to New York.

Libel, where malicious intent to injure is supposed to exist, is a criminal offense in the District of Columbia. District Attorney Baker is basing this case on the ground that an alleged crime against citizens of the United States has been brought to his attention, and that it is his duty to investigate and bring to trial the person or persons supposed to be guilty of the alleged crime.

The corridors in the United States court house swarmed with newspaper men and others, summoned to give testimony before the grand jury. In addition to the Washington correspondents subpoenaed, there were on hand A. W. Tracy, assistant to Mr. Hornaday of the Indianapolis News; Douglas Robinson, the president's brother-in-law; H. P. Taft, manager of the Western Union Telegraph company; J. W. Dunbar, John H. Becker and E. O. Springer, local newsmen, and William Smith, a news boy.

Mr. Robinson was the first witness. For a long time preceding the giving of his testimony he was closeted with District Attorney Baker. He was in the grand jury room only five minutes. Mr. Taft refused to produce copies of any telegrams or give any evidence without an order of the court, pleading that telegrams were of a private nature. In consequence the grand jury, accompanied by District Attorney Baker and with Mr. Taft in custody, proceeded to the criminal court, where Justice Gould issued the necessary order. The jury then went back to their room and Mr. Taft underwent his examination.

Otto Cornishall, the head of the Washington bureau of the New York World, was subjected to a rigid examination. He identified certain editions of the New York World and stories appearing in them bearing on the Panama canal purchase. His assistants, Messrs. Albert and Conway, were called and gave corroborative testimony. Following the testimony of newsmen as to the sale of copies of the New York World of the dates named in the subpoena, Charles P. Taft entered the grand jury room. His testimony consumed but five minutes. He then departed, refusing to discuss the case.

James P. Hornaday's testimony was confined to the fact that he was the Washington correspondent of the Indianapolis News and to the identification of files of his paper. The grand jury then adjourned until tomorrow.

#### CONGRESS NOT TO INTERFERE.

Will Not Oppose Libel Suit By Government.

Washington, Jan. 20.—There will be no interference by Congress with the government's proceedings against the New York World and Indianapolis News, for a legal libel. The Senate to-day referred to the judiciary committee the question raised by Mr. Taft yesterday, calling on the attorney general for information as to the nature of the proceeding in which the government has embarked, and for a statement as to what laws are invoked to back the prosecution.

## PROFITS OF \$11,347.13 KEEPING HENS 22 YEARS

Salisbury, N. H., Man Says Poultry Raising Is Very Remunerative.

Salisbury, N. H., Jan. 20.—Having heard the question regarding the profits of poultry raising discussed frequently in the past year, Frank H. Dunlap of West Salisbury has given out a statement on the subject.

During 1908 a great many poultry fanners went out of the business because of the 20 per cent. rise in the cost of grain and other supplies. However, Mr. Dunlap believes that poultry culture is the most remunerative branch of agricultural pursuit. Mr. Dunlap is the proprietor of the general grocery store and post office in this village and spends 10 hours a day in the store. Outside of this time, he, with his youngest son, Bernard, takes care of 500 hens without expending more than two hours daily. This is during the winter months, and after that time is consumed in caring for the chicks in brooders which are hatched with hens.

Starting in 1887 with a flock numbering but 20, he has steadily kept increasing the number until now the annual hatch is between 1,000 and 1,100 chickens, with the average winter stock of layers about 500.

Mr. Dunlap has built houses according to the constantly increasing number of fowls, until the present number is 15. These are kept whitewashed and regularly cleaned, so the best sanitary conditions prevail.

The old subject as to whether the poultry business is a profitable vocation is one that has been under much discussion of late, and in answer Mr. Dunlap submits the following figures:

The land, with the henhouses and frequent improvements which have been made during this period of 22 years, totals \$2,947.02. This includes the poultry houses only, and is exclusive of the dwelling house.

During the past 22 years the net profits have been \$11,347.13. Besides that \$9,596.31 has been expended for grain and supplies, making a total of \$21,903.41 for all poultry and eggs sold.

Three principal varieties of hens kept are Rhode Island Reds, White Wyandottes and White Leghorns. These birds are bred from the best strains, and their laying qualities always stand first, as no birds are ever exhibited or eggs sold for hatching.

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## SENATE REBELS WAR ON RULES